

Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2024-25									
Course Code	DMA-101	Title of the Course	APPLIED MATHEMATICS-I	L	Т	P	C			
Year	Ist	Semester	1 st	03	01	00	-			
Pre-Requisite	NA	Co-requisite	NA							
Course Objectives	To know the basic concep	ts of Mathematics with the	ir Applications in Engineering.							

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Arithmetic Progression and Geometric Progression can be applied in real life by analyzing a certain pattern that we see in our daily life.							
CO2	Trigonometry is widely used in several fields. Some of its uses are Measuring heights and distances, in construction and architecture, flight engineering, marine							
	biology, application of Physics, electrical engineering, manufacturing industry, gaming industry.							
CO3	The concept of Complex Number is used in the field of Computer Science. It is also used in coding and programming.							
CO4	Here students are getting the knowledge of Graphs, continuity, and differentiation by which they will be able to find areas of any surface.							
CO5	By getting full knowledge of Tangent and normal students will be able to use it in daily lives and further studies in Architecture Engineering, Civil Engineering							
	etc.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1.	i) Series ii) Binomial Theorem iii) Determinants	Series: Arithmetical Progression: nth term of AP, Sum of 'n' terms, Arithmetic Mean. Geometrical Progression: nth term of GP, Sum of 'n' terms& infinite terms, Geometric Mean. Binomial theorem: Definition of factorial notation, permutation and combination, Binomial theorem for positive index, negative and fractional index (without proof), Application of Binomial theorem. Determinants: Definition, expansion and elementary properties of determinant of order 2 and 3. Solution of system of linear equations, Consistency of equations, Cramer's rules.	08	1
	i) Trigonometry ii) Vector Algebra	Trigonometry: Relation between sides and angles of triangles: Simple cases only. Vector Algebra: Dot and Cross product, Scalar and vector triple product.	07	2
3.	Complex Number	Complex Number: Definition of imaginary number, complex number & its conjugate. Algebra of complex number (equality, addition, subtraction, multiplication and division). Geometrical representation of a complex number, modulus and amplitude. Polar form of a complex number, Square root of a complex number. De Moivre's theorem (without proof) & its application.	08	3
4.	Differential Calculus-I	Differential Calculus-I Functions, limits, continuity: Definitions of variable, constant, intervals (open, closed, semi-open). Definition of function, elementary methods of finding limits (right and left), elementary test for continuity and differentiability. Methods of finding derivative: Fundamental rules of derivatives (Sum and Difference), Derivatives of special functions, Trigonometric functions, exponential function, Function of a function.	09	4
5.	Differential Calculus-II	Differential Calculus - II Differentiation: Logarithmic differentiation, Function with respect to another function, Function power function, Higher order derivatives. Application: Finding Tangents, Normal. Maxima/Minima.	08	5

References Books:

- 1. Applied Mathematics: Dr. Kailash Sinha, Meerut publication.
- 2. Applied Mathematics: P. K. Gupta, Asian Publication.
- 3. Applied Mathematics: H. R. Loothara, Bharat Bharti Publication
- 4. Mathematics for Polytechnic: S.P. Deshpande, Pune Vidyarthi Griha.

e-Learning Source:

https://youtu.be/syLIPtxjN0E?si=OrM4IRejVzgmwWpl

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	1	3	_	1	_	_	2.	_	1	1
CO2	1	3	1	1	2	_	_	2	1	2	_
CO3	-	1	2	2	3	_	_	3	2	2	1
CO4	2	2	2	1	_	_	_	_	2	1	3
CO5	2	1	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Sessi	on: 2010						
Course Code	DPH-101	Title of the Course	Applied Physics-I	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0	
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None				
Course Objectives		nem to analyze physical	pts of units, dimensions, dimensional analysis, measurement equations, perform unit conversions, estimate errors, and ap				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	peddents feath to convert one different differ
	or divide to the quantity. Student learns accuracy of the lab instrument with the help of significant figure.
CO2	In this student learn investigate the effect of gravity and friction on the motion of machines (mechanical) instrument etc.
CO3	Fundamental concepts of electrochemistry, including oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, electrolytes, electrodes, and
	electrochemical cells.
CO4	Explain the fundamental principles of chemical kinetics, including the definition of reaction rate, rate laws, and the role of molecular
	collisions in reactions.
CO5	Identify and explain various physical, chemical, and biological parameters of water quality, including turbidity, pH, dissolved
	oxygen, hardness, and biological oxygen demand (BOD). Understand modern water purification technologies like reverse osmosis
	(RO), ultrafiltration (UF), ion exchange, and membrane filtration, and their applications in industrial and municipal water treatment.

Measurement: Units and Dimensions, Fundamental and derived units: S.I. Units and Dimensions of physical quantities, Dimensional formula and dimensional equation, Principal of homogeneity and application of homogeneity principle to:(i) Checking the correctness of physical equations (priving relations among various physical quantities, Gill) Conversion of numerical values of physical quantities from one system of errors in addition, subtraction, multiplication and power). Significant figures and order of accuracy in respect to instruments. Vector: Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian components of vector. Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian components of vector. Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian components of vector. Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian components of vector. Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian components of vector. Scaler and vector product of vectors Force and Motions: Newton's Law of Motion, Circular motion, angular velocity, angular acceleration and components of vectors. Subtract the subtraction of continuity, Bernoulli's theorem, India metalian and autorition and angular acceleration. Hulding metalians and fictions. Surface tension, capillaries, equation of continuity, Bernoulli's theorem, India metalians and fictions, Work, Power and Energy: Work done by force on bodies moving on horizontal and inclined planes in presence of frictiona and its role in everyday life, Static and dynamic frictional forces, Confection and its role in everyday life, Static and dynamic frictional forces, Confection and its role in everyday life, Static and dynamic frictional forces, Confection and its role in everyday various forms of energy, conservation of energy, Force constant of spring. Potential energy various forms of energy, conservation of energy, protection a	Unit No.	Title of the Unit		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Force and Motions, Fluid mechanics and fiction: Surface tension, capillaries, equation of continuity, Bernoulli's theorem, stream line and turbulent flow, Reynold's number. Physical significance of friction, Advantage and disadvantage of friction and its role in everyday life, Static and dynamic frictions of static and dynamic frictions and their measurement, Viscosity, Coefficients of viscosity and its determination by Stoke's method. Work, Power and Energy: Work done by force on bodies moving on horizontal and inclined planes in presence of frictional forces, Concept of power and its units, Calculation of power (simple cases). Concept of kinetic and potential energy, various forms of energy, conservation of energy, Force constant of spring, Potential energy of stretched spring. Elasticity	Unit-1	&	quantities, Dimensional formula and dimensional equation, Principal of homogeneity and application of homogeneity principle to:(i) Checking the correctness of physical equations (ii)Deriving relations among various physical quantities, (iii)Conversion of numerical values of physical quantities form one system of units into another, Limitations of dimensional analysis, Errors in measurement, accuracy and precision, random and systematic errors, estimation of probable errors in the result of measurement (combination of errors in addition, subtraction, multiplication and power). Significant figures and order of accuracy in respect to instruments. Vector: Scaler and vector quantities; Addition, Subtraction, Resolution of vector; Cartesian	6	
Unit-3 Elasticity Elasticity	Unit-2	Motions, Fluid mechanics and fiction, Work, Power and	centripetal acceleration. Relationship between linear velocity and angular velocity, Relationship between linear acceleration and angular acceleration. Fluid mechanics and fiction: Surface tension, capillaries, equation of continuity, Bernoulli's theorem, stream line and turbulent flow, Reynold's number. Physical significance of friction, Advantage and disadvantage of friction and its role in everyday life, Static and dynamic frictional forces, Coefficients of static and dynamic frictions and their measurement, Viscosity, Coefficients of viscosity and its determination by Stoke's method. Work, Power and Energy: Work done by force on bodies moving on horizontal and inclined planes in presence of frictional forces, Concept of power and its units, Calculation of power (simple cases). Concept of kinetic and potential energy, various forms of energy, conservation of energy, Force constant of spring,	10	CO-2
Unit-4 Unit-5 Gas laws and specific heats of normal temperature and pressure (N.T.P), Specific heat of gases, Relation between two specific heat, Thermodynamics variables, first law of thermodynamics(statement and equation only), Isothermal, Isobaric, Isochoric and adiabatic processes (Difference among these processes and equation of state). Heat transfer and radiation: Modes of heat transfer, Coefficient of thermal conductivity and its determination by (i) Searle's Method for good conductors. (ii) Lee's Method for poor conductors. Conduction of heat through compound media, Conduction and convection, Radial flow of heat, Blackbody radiation, Stefan's law, Wein's displacement and Rayleigh- Jeans laws, Planck's law.	Unit-3	Elasticity	elasticity, Young's modulus, Bulk modulus and modulus of rigidity, Poisson ratio, Resilience. Simple Harmonic Motion, Periodic Motion, Characteristics of Simple Harmonic Motion, Equation of Simple Harmonic Motion and determination of Velocity and acceleration, Graphical representation, Spring Mass system, Simple pendulum, Derivation of their periodic time, Energy conservation in Simple Harmonic	8	CO-3
Unit-5 Heat transfer and radiation determination by (i) Searle's Method for good conductors. (ii) Lee's Method for poor conductors. Conduction of heat through compound media, Conduction and convection, Radial flow of heat, Blackbody radiation, Stefan's law, Wein's displacement and Rayleigh- Jeans laws, Planck's law.	Unit-4	specific heats of	gas equation(without derivation), Molar or universal gas constant, Universal gas equation, Standard or normal temperature and pressure (N.T.P), Specific heat of gases, Relation between two specific heat, Thermodynamics variables, first law of thermodynamics(statement and equation only), Isothermal, Isobaric,	8	CO-4
References Books:	Unit-5		determination by (i) Searle's Method for good conductors. (ii) Lee's Method for poor conductors. Conduction of heat through compound media, Conduction and convection, Radial flow of heat, Blackbody		CO-5
	Referen	ices Books:			

- Nootan Physics: Kumar & Mittal
- 2. Applied Physics: P.K. Gupta.
- 3. Pradeep Fundamental: Gogia & Gomber.
- 4. Applied Physics: P.S. Kushwaha.

e-Learning Source:

1. https://youtu.be/RYwU769Eny4?si=VOn3174xnpyIdfbM



PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO																	
CO1	3								2		3	3	1		2	3	2
CO2	3										2	2					2
CO3	3	1										1					2
CO4	2	2										1					2
CO5	2			2								1					2

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation					
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD				



Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session:									
Course Code	DCH-101	Title of the Course	Applied Chemistry	L	T	P	C			
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0	0			
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None							
Course Objectives	2. To provide of	examples and unsolve	actions, principle and theory related to topics d problems as much as possible lustrial as well as domestic proposes							

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Atomic Model helps to explain the significance of atomic models in designing materials at the atomic and molecular level. Governing atomic structure and their application in engineering fields like semiconductor physics and nanotechnology. The ability to analyze electron configurations and predict how they influence material properties, such as electrical conductivity, magnetic behavior, and chemical reactivity.
CO2	To explain the fundamental types of chemical bonds (ionic, covalent, and metallic) and their significance in determining the properties of engineering materials. Understand the role of electrons in bond formation and the concept of valency. Classify different types of chemical bonds based on electron sharing or transfer.
CO3	Fundamental concepts of electrochemistry, including oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, electrolytes, electrodes, and electrochemical cells. Analyze standard electrode potentials, and apply the Nernst equation to calculate cell potentials under different conditions. Distinguish between different types of electrochemical cells, such as galvanic (voltaic) and electrolytic cells, and describe their operational principles.
CO4	Explain the fundamental principles of chemical kinetics, including the definition of reaction rate, rate laws, and the role of molecular collisions in reactions. Determine the rate law for a chemical reaction, identify the order of the reaction with respect to each reactant, and calculate the overall reaction order.
CO5	Identify and explain various physical, chemical, and biological parameters of water quality, including turbidity, pH, dissolved oxygen, hardness, and biological oxygen demand (BOD). Describe the basic water treatment processes such as coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, and disinfection.

Uni t No.	Title of the Unit		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	Atomic Structure Classification of Elements	Basic concept of atomic structure, Matter wave concept, Quantum number, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Shapes of orbital Modern classification of elements (s, p, d, and f block elements), periodic properties: ionization potential, electro negativity, electron affinity.	10	
Unit-2	Chemical Bonding	Overview of basic concept of Ionic, Covalent & Co-ordinate bonds, Hydrogen bonding, Valence bond theory, Hybridization, VSEPR theory, Molecular orbital theory.		
Unit-3	Electrochemistry -I &II	Arrhenius theory of electrolytic dissociation, Transport number, Electrolytic conductance, Ostwald dilution law. Concept of acid and bases: Arrhenius, Bronsted & Lewis theory. Concept of pH and numerical. Buffer solutions, Indicators, Solubility product, Common ion effect with their application. Redox reactions, electrode potential (Nernst equation), Electro-chemical cell (Galvanic & Electrolytic). EMF of a cell & free energy change. Standard electrode potential, Electrochemical series & Application. Chemical & electrochemical theory of corrosion, Galvanic Series. Prevention of corrosion by various methods.	10	
Unit-4	Chemical Kinetics Catalysis Solid State	Introduction, Law of mass action, order and molecularity of reaction. Activation energy, rate constants, 1st order reactions and 2nd order reactions. Definition, catalytic reactions properties, Catalytic promoters & poison, autocatalysis & negative catalysis. Theory of catalysis & applications. Types of solids (Amorphous and Crystalline), classification (Molecular, Ionic, Covalent and Metallic), Band theory of solids (Conductors, Semiconductors & Insulators), types of crystals, FCC, BCC, Crystal imperfection.	07	
Unit-5	Water Treatment	Hardness of water, its limits and determination of hardness of water by EDTA method. Softening methods (Soda lime, Zeolite and Ion exchange resin process). Disadvantages of hard water in different industries, scale & sludge formation, corrosion, caustic embrittlement, priming & foaming in boilers. Disinfection of Water by chloramine-T, Ozone and chlorine. Advantages and disadvantages of chlorination. Industrial waste & sewage, Municipality waste		



water treatment, Definition of BOD & COD. Numerical problems based on topics.

References Books:

- 1. Applied Chemistry: R. S. Katiyar and J. P. Chaudhary
- 2. Applied Chemistry: Rakesh Kapoor
- 3. Principles of general and inorganic chemistry: O. P. Tandon
- 4. Engineering Chemistry: S. Chandra
- 5. Applied Chemistry: M. Gupta

e-Learning Source:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1f9FaU1Y8D6D_5DRCJXXIunGXageT23G0/edit?usp=drive_link&ouid=106019737385905957374 &rtpof=true&sd=true

https://drive.google.com/file/d/11sZHgt7nlIdB0iReCbTaP53JZjgzjOZ3/view?usp=drive_link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/11ymiyHymX86HqsdnkmuIsvZp-zIm02RR/view?usp=drive_link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1mH1CQmpYLKJeTvyi018gIW2KUS4l-9RK/view?usp=drive_link

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	03	-	01	-	-	-	01				
CO2	03	-	-	-	-	-	-				
CO3	03	-	01	-	-	-	02				
CO4	03	01	02	-	-	-	02				
CO5	03	_	_	_	_	_	02				

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Sign & Seal of HoD

Dr. Rida Sagheer
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator



Effective from Session: 2015													
Course Code	DAR-101	Title of the Course	TECHNICAL DRAWING-I	L	Т	P	C						
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	-	-						
Pre-Requisite	-	Co-requisite -											
Course Objectives	communication tool	n the practice of arch amiliarized with a rar th drafting tools and a				a pr	imary						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students shall be familiarized with arrange of Techniques of expression beginning with manual drawing.
CO2	They will learn drafting, lettering and rendering techniques.
CO3	They will learn about the differences between 2D&3D objects.
CO4	They will learn about Comprehension and visualization of geometrical forms
CO5	Students shall be familiarized with drafting tools and accessories

Unit No.	Title of the Unit		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
UNIT-I		Printing & lettering – small & capital letters, both vertical & italics. Roman printing as per I.S. code and lettering. Scale construction of plane, diagonal & Vernier scales & their use.	8	2
UNIT- II	Plane Geometry	Plane geometry problems of lines, triangles, polygons & circles.	8	3
I I	Orthographic Projections	Difference & use of I angle and III angle projections I-angle orthographic projections.	8	5
UNIT- IV	Isometric Projections	Isometric projections of simple compound solids. Isometric views of building block, a column with isolated footing.	8	4
UNIT-V	Wall Section	Wall section through arch, door & window.	8	1

References Books:

- 1. Engineering Drawing: ND Bhatt
- 2. Engineering Drawing: R.K. Dhawan
- 3. Engineering Drawing: B.K. Goel

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103019

PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	1	3	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	
CO2	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	
CO3	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	
CO4																	
CO5	·																

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation									
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD								



Effective from Session: 2015										
Course Code	DAR-102	Title of the Course	BUILDING MATERIALS	L	Т	P	C			
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0				
Pre-Requisite	DAR-102	Co-requisite	NA							
Course objectives	Course objectives To impart knowledge about building materials used for construction.									

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Identify and characterize building materials							
CO2	Understand the manufacturing process of bricks and cement							
CO3	Identify the methods for preservation of timber and metals.							
CO4	Learn the basic theory about important building material.							
CO5	Proper selection of Paints.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	Building Stones, Bricks and Timber	Classification of rocks, selection of stones for different building works. Classification of bricks, characteristics of good bricks, size and weight of standard brick. Composition of brick earth. Introduction, classification, property and uses. Defects in timber and prevention.	Q	CO-1
UNIT-II	Lime and Cement	Use of lime, setting and hardening action of lime. Introduction, properties and uses of cement, chemical constituents of cement. Functions of ingredients of cement. Setting and hardening of cement types of cement, grading of cement.		CO-2
UNIT-III	Concrete	Introduction, characteristics of good concrete, classification of concrete, plain cement concrete, pre-cast concrete, general aspects and application of fly-ash.	8	CO-3
	Glass, Insulating Materials	Introduction, properties of glass, sheet glass, float glass, plate-glass, bullet-proof glass, fiber glass. Heat and sound insulating materials, uses of cork, slag wool, light weight concrete, aluminum foil.		CO-4
UNIT-V	Paints, Varnishes, Distempers and Gypsum plaster	Definition of paints, function of paints, constituents of an oil paint and their functions, characteristics of good paint. Types of paints, failure of paint, defects in painting. Definition of varnish, functions of varnish, ingredients of varnish, characteristics of gold varnish, types of varnish, distempering process, properties of distempers, white washing, color washing and gypsum plaster.		CO-5
Reference	es Books:			
l. Building	g Material	: Sushil Kumar		
2. Building	Construction	: S.K.Sinha & J. Jha		
e-Learning	Source:			
1. https://v	www.youtube.com/live/	Gcmh-aIs2-c?si=JI2papgbK621LGt-		

PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	2		-	3	2
CO2	i	-	-	3	-	2	ı	-	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	-
CO3	i	1	-	3	1	2	ı	ı	-	3	-	2	ı	1	-	3
CO4	1	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	1	2	-
CO5	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	1	-	3

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correl	ation; 3- Substantial Correlation
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2024-25											
Course Code	DEE-101	Title of the Course	BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	L	Т	P	C					
Year	First	Semester	First	3	1	2	-					
Pre-Requisite		Co-requisite										
Course Objectives		Fundamental of current, voltage and power and would be able to utilize in electrical engineering. Study and verification of electrical laws and network theorems for AC & DC circuits.										

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Conceptualize the fundamental of current, voltage and power and would be able to utilize in electrical heating and mechanical work.
CO2	Study the basic laws and DC network theorem which will apply to analyze the different electrical machines and network problems.
CO3	Develop the concept of magnetic flux and analogy between electric and magnetic circuit used in all engineering field.
CO4	Importance of ac circuit ,power factor and resonance in RLC circuit.
CO5	To impart knowledge of poly phase system and its application eg Electrical machine.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit		Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Unit-I	Introduction of Electrical Engineering	Application of Electrical Engineering in different fields. Basic terminology: Current, Voltage and EMF, Resistor, Capacitor. Series and parallel combination of Resistors and Capacitors. Concept of constant voltage sources and Constant current source, symbols and graphical representation, characteristics of ideal and practical sources. Conversion of voltage sources into current sources and vice versa.	8	1
Unit-II	D.C. Circuit, Lighting Schemes	KVL & KCL, Ohm's law and simple numerical problems based on it. Introduction to Thevenin, Norton and Superposition theorem. LIGHTING SCHEMES: Lux, Candela, Series and parallel connection of wiring. LAMPS: Fluorescent and Incandescent lamp construction and working.	8	2
Unit-III	Electromagnetism	Concept of magnetic flux, flux density, magnetic field intensity (formula based numerical problem). Concept of reluctance and MMF (formula based numerical problem). Analogy between electric and magnetic circuit, B – H curve, Faraday's Law of electromagnetic induction. Lenz's Law, Energy stored in inductor.	8	3
Unit-IV	A.C. circuit	Terminology: Instantaneous value, maximum value, cycle, frequency, alternating current and voltage ,different types of power (Simple numerical problem), Difference between A.C. and D.C. Concept of phase and phase difference, Phasor representation of voltage and current for inductor, capacitor and resistor. Power factor ,RLC series resonance Introduction to three phase system, Advantage of three phase over single phase system. Star and Delta connection, Relationship between phase and line value of current and voltage.	8	4
Unit-V	Electrical machine	Types of A.C. and D.C. motor, Basic principle and working of A.C. and D.C. motor. Basic principle and working of A.C. and D.C. generator. Application of A.C. and D.C. motor. Single phase transformer (Brief introduction). Brief idea about stepper motor, reluctance motor and PMDC motor.	8	5

References Books:

- 1. Fundamental of Electrical Engg. Ashfaq Husain
- 2. Electrical Technology Volume-I B.L. Thereja

e-Learning Source:

https://nptel.ac.in/

PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO	roi	102	103	104	103	100	107	108	109	1010	1301	1302	1303	1304
CO1		3	2		1	1	1						2	
CO2		2	2		1				2				2	
CO3		2	2	3	2		2	2	1	2			3	
CO4		2	2			3		2					2	
CO5		2	3				2	3					2	

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation									
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD								



Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2017-18												
Course Code	DCH-151	Title of the Course	Applied Chemistry Lab Practical	L	T	P	C						
Year	Ι	Semester	I			2	0						
Pre-Requisite	None	Co-requisite	None										
	1. To understa	1. To understand all the chemical reactions, principle and analysis of chemicals											
Course Objectives	2. To examine	the unknown chemica	al compounds and unsolved problems as much as poss	ible									

	Course Outcomes
CO1	The process of qualitative analysis by applying knowledge of acidic basic nature of chemical properties and ions that sharpens the laboratory skills.
CO2	The careful analysis of substances to ensure the correct compounds are used or safely disposed of during manufacturing process.
CO3	Fundamental concepts of electrochemistry, including oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, electrolytes, electrodes, and electrochemical cells.
CO4	To identify the components in a mixture, whether it's for designing manufacturing processes, dealing with wastewater treatment, or working with catalysts and chemical reactions.
CO5	Identify the chemical, and biological parameters of water quality, including turbidity, pH, temporary and permanent hardness. Understand modern water purification technologies like reverse osmosis (RO), ultrafiltration (UF), ion exchange, and membrane filtration, and their applications in industrial and municipal water treatment.

Unit No.	Experiment No		Conta ct Hrs.	Mapped CO
	Experiment 1	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No1	2	1
	Experiment2	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No2	2	1
	Experiment3	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No3	2	2
	Experiment4	Analysis of acid and basic radical of inorganic mixture No4	2	2
	Experiment5	Determination of chloride content by Mohr's method in supplied water	2	3
	Experiment6	Testing of total hardness of water sample by EDTA titration method in terms of CaCO3	2	3
	Experiment7	Analysis of temporary hardness in water sample through O'Hener's method	2	4
	Experiment8	Dissolve oxygen analysis in water sample	2	5
	Experiment9	Analysis of strength of HCl solution through NaOH solution by using pH meter	2	5

References Books:

- 1. Applied Chemistry: R. S. Katiyar and J. P. Chaudhary
- 2. Applied Chemistry: Rakesh Kapoor

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1K_tMkEUCeiEuWuTuUHf2fYrn0ASKdFvl/view?usp=drive_link https://drive.google.com/file/d/1X-zvmfiPgJ_LvbxI7X5ciwJBXHvhadHI/view?usp=drive_link

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	03	-	01	-	-	-	01				
CO2	03	-	-	-	-	-	-				
CO3	03	-	01	-	-	-	02				
CO4	03	01	02	-	-	-	02				
CO5	03	-	-	-	-	-	02				

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Sign & Seal of HoD

Dr. Rida Sagheer
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator

	Effective from Session: 2015												
	Course Code	DAR-152	Title of the Course	Building Materials Lab	L	T	P	C					
	Year	I	Semester	II	0	0	2						
	Pre-Requisite	NA	Co-requisite	NA									
	Course	To provide diploma students with practical experience in testing and analyzing the physical, mechanical, and											
(bjectives	chemical properties	of construction mater	rials to ensure their quality and suitability for b	uildin	ig pro	jects.	•					

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Able to design and test the materials either in the laboratory or in the field before their actual use at the site & Identification of timbers i.e. the visual identification of specimen of Exogenous Trees.
CO2	Able to Impart the knowledge about the characteristics, sources and defects in various materials used for construction purposes.
CO3	Able to attain the knowledge of different components of building, their classification, materials and methods of construction and causes of their failures.
CO4	To examine and identify different types of stones and aggregates i.e. the Visual identification of these materials' specimen present in the Lab.
CO5	To determine the Strength of various Engineering Materials and Conduct the Field Test of Cement, Lime and Bricks.

Unit	Title of the Unit			Mapped
No.			Hrs.	CO
1	Experiment No-1	Identification of different types of stones and aggregates (visual identification).	2	CO-1
2	Experiment No-2	Identification of timbers: Teak, Sal, Chir, Shisum, siras, deodar, kail and mango. (visual identification)	2	CO-1
3	Experiment No-3	To conduct field tests of cement.	2	CO-2
4	Experiment No-4	To determine normal consistency of cement.	2	CO-2
5	Experiment No-5	To determine setting time (initial and final) of cement.	2	CO-3
6	Experiment No-6	To determine fineness of given sample of cement.	2	CO-3
7	Experiment No-7	To determine compressive strength of bricks.	2	CO-4
8	Experiment No-8	To determine water absorption of bricks	2	CO-4
9	Experiment No-9	To determine soundness of cement.	2	CO-5
10	Experiment No-10	To identify hydraulic & fat lime.	2	CO-5

References Books:

1. Lab manual of University Polytechnic Department

e-Learning Source:

1. https://www.youtube.com/live/3OXoo2WXTws?si=TqZdQQvc-c3H5Thp

PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2									3	2	2				
CO2	2									3	2	2				
CO3	2									3	2	2				
CO4	2									3	2	2				
CO5	2									3	2					

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2024-25							
Course Code	DEE-151	Title of the Course	BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB	L	Т	P	C
Year	First Semester		First			2	-
Pre-Requisite	Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	Different electrical measuring instruments (Analog and Digital) Study and verification of electrical laws and network theorems.						

	Course Outcomes					
CO1	Familiarization of different electrical measuring instruments (Analog and Digital)					
CO2	Verifying laws of series and parallel connection of circuit elements.					
CO3	Verifying different DC network theorems and electrical machines.					

Experiment No.	Experiment	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Experiment-1	Use of ammeter, voltmeter and multimeter	2	1
Experiment-2	To verify the laws of series and parallel connections of resistance.	2	2
Experiment-3	To verify the laws of series and parallel connections of capacitance.	2	2
Experiment-4	Verification of Ohm's law.	2	2
Experiment-5	To verify Kirchhoff's first laws: The algebric sum of the currents at a junction is zero.	2	2
Experiment-6	To verify Kirchhoff's second laws: The algebric sum e.m.f. in any closed circuit is equal to the algebric sum of IR products (drops) in that circuit.	2	2
Experiment-7	To measure the resistance an ammeter and a voltmeter and to conclude that ammeter has very low resistance whereas voltmeter has very high resistance.	2	2
Experiment-8	To verify Thevenin's theorems.	2	3
Experiment-9	Study of 1-phase Energy meter.	2	3
Experiment-10	Study of running and reversing of a 3-phase Induction motor.	2	3
Experiment-11	Measurement of Efficiency of a 1- phase transformer by load test.	2	3
Experiment-12	Study of phenomenon of resonance in RLC series circuit.	2	3

PO-PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1			2					3	1	3			2	
CO2		1	3		2				1				2	
CO3		1	3		2				1				3	

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation						
Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD					



Effective from Session: 2016-17							
Course Code	DCS-151/DCS-251	Title of the Course	Computer Application Lab	L	Т	P	C
Year	1 st	Semester	1 st / 2 nd	1		2	
Pre-Requisite		Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	To develop basic knowledge and understanding of Computers and C programming language.						

	Course Outcomes					
CO1	Students become familiar with the basic fundamentals and concepts of Computer					
CO2	Practical knowledge of the MS Office package, viz. MS Word, MS Excel and MS PowerPoint.					
CO3	Students are trained with the basic concepts of the C programming language					
CO4	Students will be able to develop logics which will help them to create basic programs and applications in C.					
CO5	The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of C language.					

Practical No.	List of Practicals	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction of computer types, generation, Application, characteristic & Memory.	03	CO1
2	Introduction and practice of Ms-Office package (Ms-Word, Ms- Excel, Ms- Power point & Ms-Access).	03	CO2
3	Introduction & Practice of Internet and e-mail.	03	CO2
4	Programming of 'C'- History, character set, variables, and keywords, token data types input and output function.	03	СОЗ
5	Introduction of Decision control statement- if, if- else, nester if statement and switch case.	03	CO3
6	Programming practice of if, if – else, nested if statement and switch case.	03	CO4
7	Loops- while loop, do- while loop, for loop, break and continuous statements.	03	CO4
8	Programming practice of while loop do- while loop, for loop, break and continuous statements.	03	CO-4
9	Array Declaration, initialization of one and two dimensional array.	03	CO-5
10	Programming practice on array.	03	CO-5

References Books:

1.Computer fundamental- Sinha & Sinha

2.Computer Basics & 'C'- V. Rajaraman

3.Office 2007 -Ruthosky, Seguim, Ruthosky

4.Programming in ANSI- E Balagurusamy

e-Learning Source:

PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
СО															
CO1	1	3	2										1		
CO2	1	2	2							1			1		
CO3				1						2				2	
CO4				2						3				2	
CO5				2						3	2			2	

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation						
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